

ENROLLMENT SUMMARY 2016

Division of Enrollment Management and Marketing

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- » University Enrollment 2
- » Undergraduate Enrollment 4
- » Freshman Enrollment 6
- » Transfer Enrollment 8
- » Freshman and Transfer Demographics 10
- » Freshman Admission Trends 12
- » Transfer Admission Trends 13
- » Retention and Graduation Rates 14
- » Graduate and Law Enrollment 16
- » New Graduate Enrollment 18
- » Credit Hour Distribution 21
- » Diversity 22
- » National Comparisons 24

College Acronyms and Abbreviations

BUS	Driehaus College of Business
CDM	College of Computing and Digital Media
CMN	College of Communication
COE	College of Education
CSH	College of Science and Health
KGSB	Kellstadt Graduate School of Business
LAS	College of Liberal Arts and Social Sciences
Law	College of Law
Music	School of Music
SNL	School for New Learning
Theatre	The Theatre School

LETTER TO THE UNIVERSITY COMMUNITY

University Colleagues,

On behalf of the entire Enrollment Management and Marketing team, I am pleased to present DePaul's 2016 enrollment summary. This annual report describes the current enrollment profile and how it has changed over recent years as we have pursued DePaul's ambitious enrollment goals.

Overall, the university enrolled 23,110 students this fall, or 99.6 percent of the budgeted target.

This year's results for the fall quarter are positive in many ways. For example, we generated university record tuition revenue while enrolling more students of color than at any time in our history. As a mission-driven institution highly dependent on tuition revenue, achieving these outcomes simultaneously is noteworthy.

Graduate enrollment is another highlight. The 6,897 graduate students are 1 percent more than last year, the first year-over-year increase since graduate enrollment peaked in 2010. New graduate enrollment of 1,778 students is 2 percent above the budgeted target, while credit hours are 15 percent over projections.

DePaul enrolled 15,407 undergraduates, about 2 percent under projections, and much of that shortfall resulted from a decline in new transfer students.

Despite student and family concerns about the state's MAP grant program and increased tuition discounting by competitors, DePaul secured a record number of freshmen applications, and the 2,459 new freshmen are only 1.7 percent less than the budgeted target. The class demonstrates a strong academic profile, a widening geographic draw, and record racial and ethnic diversity.

As we look forward, in the face of growing demographic, economic and competitive pressures and changing market demand for various academic programs, we can no longer expect the levels of significant growth in enrollment and revenue that we have known in the past. DePaul has a history of successfully navigating changing market conditions, and we will continue to do so.

The key to our success has long been the dedication and effort of all who work and teach at DePaul University. Your unrelenting focus on improving the experience and outcomes of our students differentiates and demonstrates the value of a DePaul education. Thank you for all that you do.

Sincerely,



David H. Kalsbeek, PhD
Senior Vice President, Enrollment Management and Marketing

UNIVERSITY ENROLLMENT

DePaul remains the nation's largest Catholic university for the 19th consecutive year, with a total student enrollment of 23,110.

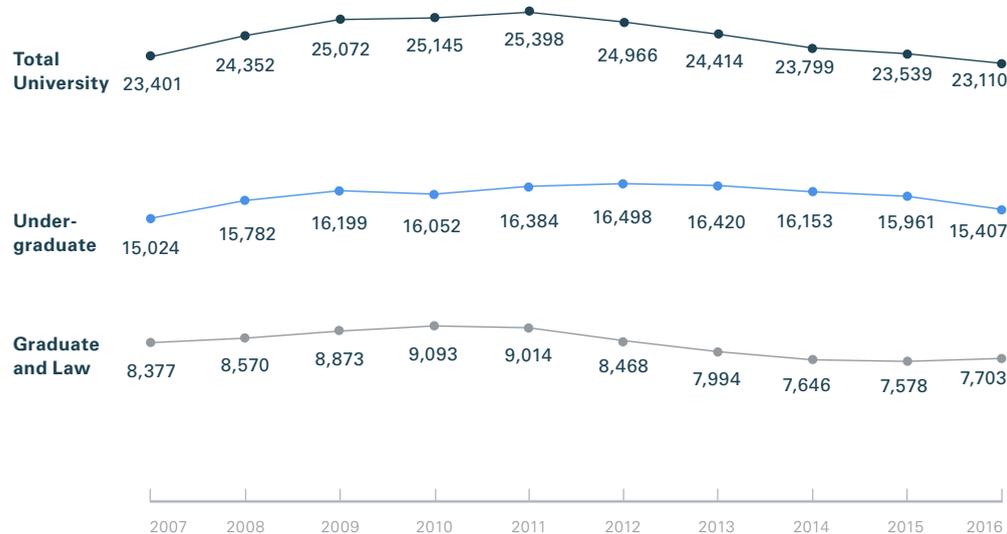
Undergraduate Enrollment – 15,407 students enrolled this fall, compared with 15,961 in 2015. Undergraduate enrollment accounts for 67 percent of total enrollment in 2016, compared with 66 in 2012.

Graduate Enrollment – 6,897 students enrolled this fall, compared with 6,800 in 2015, accounting for 30 percent of university enrollment.

Law Enrollment – 806 students enrolled this fall, up 4 percent from 2015. Law enrollment accounts for 3 percent of university enrollment.

Students registered for a total of 287,424 credit hours in fall 2016. Seventy-nine percent of these credit hours were generated by undergraduate courses and 21 percent by graduate and law courses.

University Enrollment 2007-16



DePaul's total enrollment represents a diverse student body in terms of ethnicity, gender and other demographics.

- » 43 percent are students over 24 years of age.
- » 53 percent are female.
- » 36 percent are students of color.
- » 7 percent are international students (on F1 and J1 visas).

University Enrollment by College

	Undergraduate	Graduate and Law	Total	Percentage of Total	Percentage Change from 2012
BUS/KGSB	4,093	1,884	5,977	26%	-6%
CDM	2,693	2,154	4,847	21%	27%
CSH	2,508	761	3,269	14%	2%
LAS	2,243	734	2,977	13%	-29%
CMN	1,662	184	1,846	8%	-7%
COE	574	900	1,474	6%	-25%
SNL	1,091	99	1,190	5%	-34%
Law		806	806	3%	-13%
Theatre	324	39	363	2%	10%
Music	219	142	361	2%	-6%
Total	15,407	7,703	23,110	100%	-7%

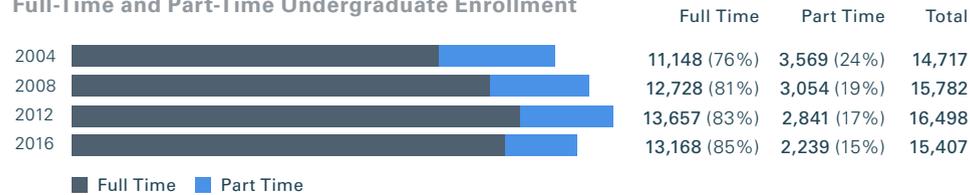
ENROLLMENT IN HEALTH-RELATED PROGRAMS AT DEPAUL INCREASED BY 32 PERCENT FROM 2012 TO 2016, OR FROM 6 PERCENT TO 8.5 PERCENT OF TOTAL ENROLLMENT.

UNDERGRADUATE ENROLLMENT

DePaul enrolled 15,407 undergraduates this fall, compared with 15,961 in 2015. CDM undergraduate enrollment increased 7 percent while CMN and Theatre remained flat; all other undergraduate colleges declined from 2015 levels. Of the undergraduate students, 170 were enrolled in one of 31 different combined degree programs that allow students to complete their bachelor's and master's degrees together in a total of five years.

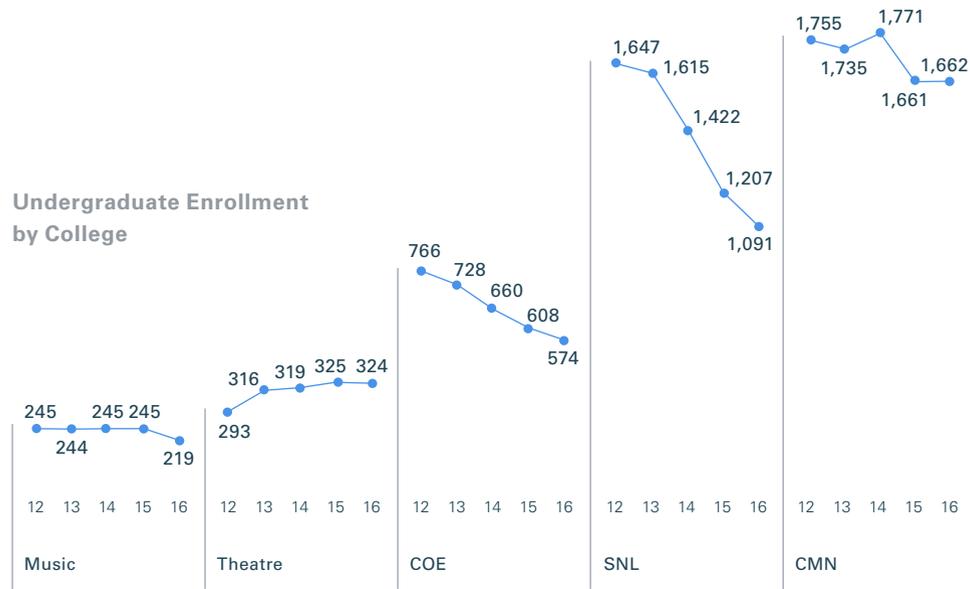
Compared with 2012, enrollment in BUS, the college with the largest share of undergraduate enrollment, decreased 4 percent. Enrollment in CDM, the next largest college for undergraduate enrollment, increased by 40 percent.

Full-Time and Part-Time Undergraduate Enrollment



FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT HAS INCREASED BY 18 PERCENT SINCE 2004 WHILE PART-TIME ENROLLMENT HAS DECREASED BY 37 PERCENT.

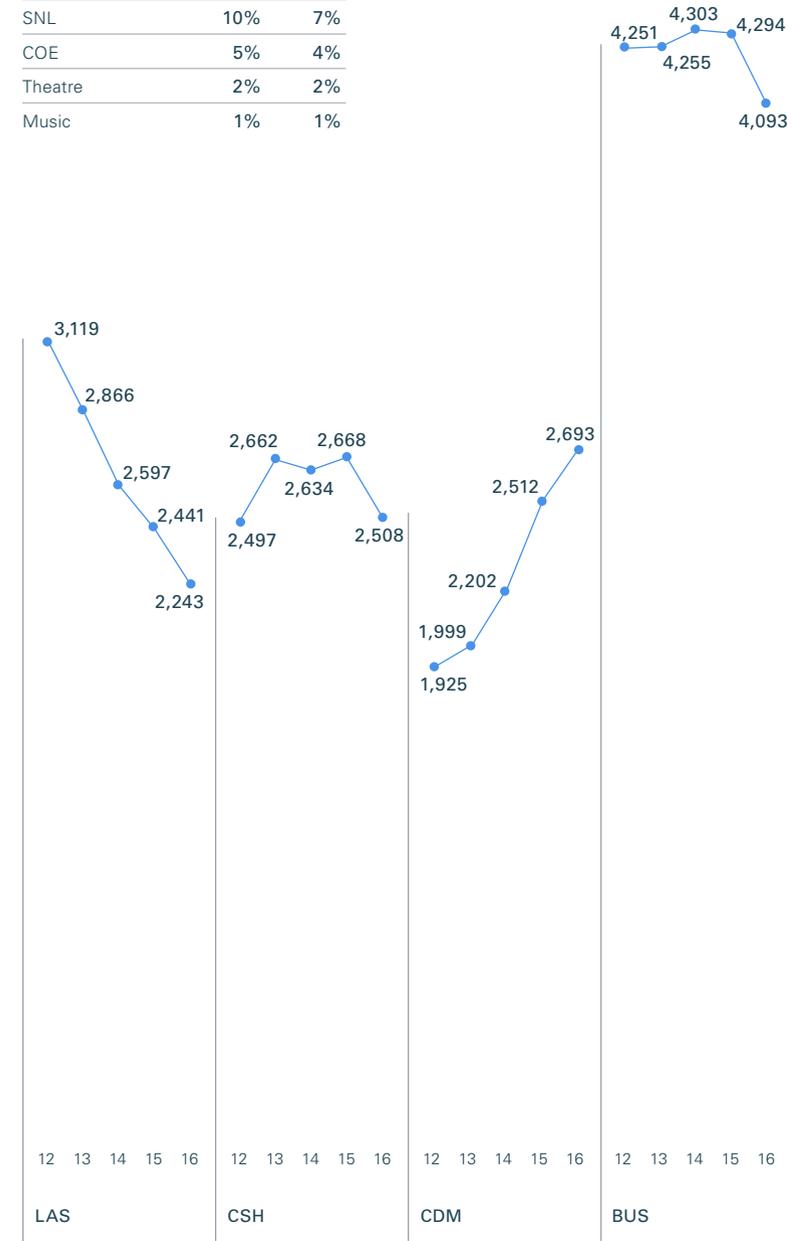
Undergraduate Enrollment by College



Proportion of Undergraduate Enrollment by College

	2012	2016
BUS	26%	27%
CDM	12%	17%
CSH	15%	16%
LAS	19%	15%
CMN	11%	11%
SNL	10%	7%
COE	5%	4%
Theatre	2%	2%
Music	1%	1%

ONE-THIRD OF ALL UNDERGRADUATES HAVE SENIOR STATUS.



Undergraduate Enrollment	
2012	16,498
2013	16,420
2014	16,153
2015	15,961
2016	15,407

FRESHMAN ENROLLMENT

DePaul welcomed a class of 2,459 new freshmen in fall 2016, a small decrease from last year's class of 2,519 students. Enrollment increased by 3 percent in CDM, the second-largest college for freshman enrollment, 10 percent in CMN and 6 percent in Theatre. BUS continues to enroll the largest proportion of freshmen at 26 percent.

By Academic Profile

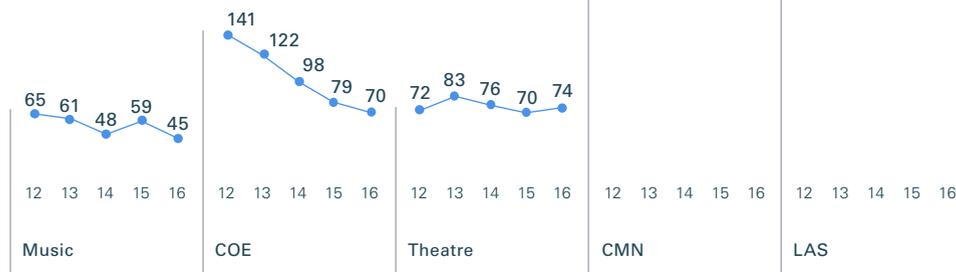
The freshman class is strong on all measures of academic preparedness.

- » The average high school GPA—the best predictor of academic success at DePaul—is 3.55, comparable with 3.56 in 2015 and down slightly from a record 3.65 in 2013.
- » The average ACT composite score of all DePaul freshmen is 25.3,* a slight increase over last year. The middle 50 percent of the class scored between 22 and 28. Nationally, the average ACT composite score is 20.8.
- » About 11 percent of the freshman class, or 267 students, enrolled in the university's Honors Program in fall 2016, up from 238 in 2015. The average ACT composite for freshmen in the Honors Program is 29.0.
- » 1,134 freshmen (46 percent of the class) entered DePaul with AP coursework. Twenty-nine freshmen were from International Baccalaureate (IB) programs in the Chicago Public Schools.
- » Freshmen came from more than 1,000 high schools, with the top 20 high schools accounting for 15 percent of the class.
- » Freshmen enrolled in nearly 100 different majors.

*ACT average includes scores for students who applied through the test-optional program and submitted scores post-admission for research purposes.

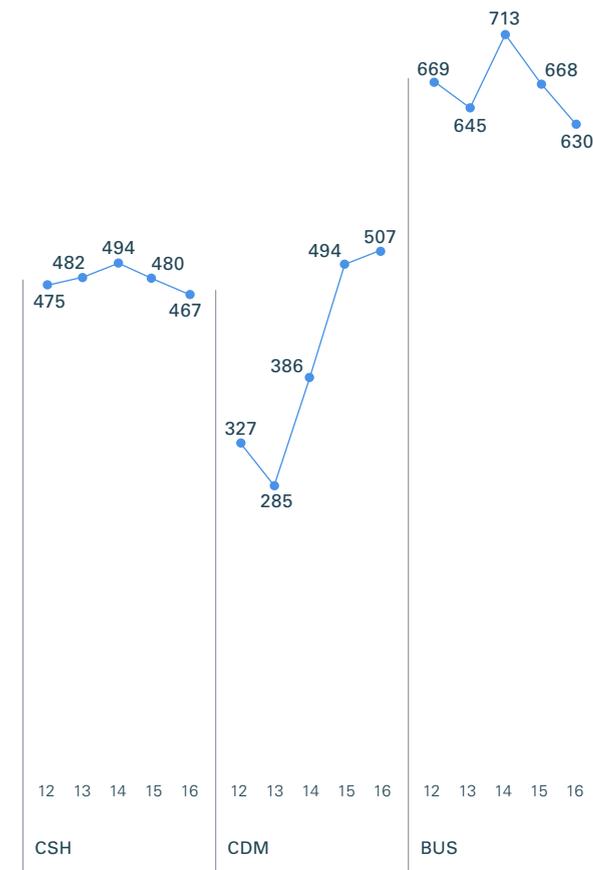
A RECORD 172 NEW FRESHMEN ENROLLED AT DEPAUL THROUGH THE TEST-OPTIONAL PROGRAM, COMPARED WITH 158 IN 2015.

Freshman Enrollment by College



DEPAUL ENROLLED A RECORD 267 FRESHMEN IN THE UNIVERSITY HONORS PROGRAM* IN 2016.

*There are five other college- and discipline-specific honors programs at DePaul. The information presented here does not include those programs.



Top 10 Freshman Majors

Majors	Students Enrolled
Film and television	181
Health sciences	138
Accounting	126
Psychology	122
Computer science	110
Finance	101
Biological sciences	96
Marketing	92
Management	82
Political science	66

In addition, 361 students are undecided.

Freshman Enrollment

2012	2,593
2013	2,425
2014	2,544
2015	2,519
2016	2,459

TRANSFER ENROLLMENT

Enrolling in fall 2016 are 1,394 new undergraduate transfer students. This is a 14 percent decrease from 1,619 in 2015. Enrollment in CDM, SNL and COE increased (1 percent, 7 percent and 5 percent, respectively) with declines in the other colleges. The three largest colleges for transfer enrollment—BUS, LAS and CDM—together enroll 60 percent of transfers. Sixty-six percent of transfers come from community colleges. Forty percent of this fall’s new transfers enter DePaul with sophomore status, and 34 percent enter with junior status.

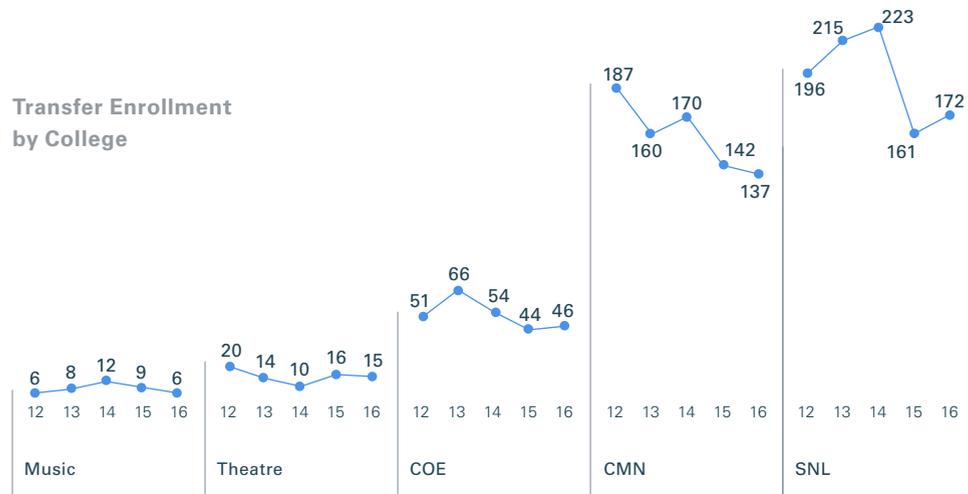
Transfer students remain an important component of DePaul’s enrollment profile. Throughout the 2015-16 fiscal year, DePaul enrolled a total of 2,445 transfer students and 2,562 freshmen. This fall, transfers account for 36 percent of new degree-seeking undergraduates, compared with 39 percent in 2015.

Top 10 Community College Feeder Schools

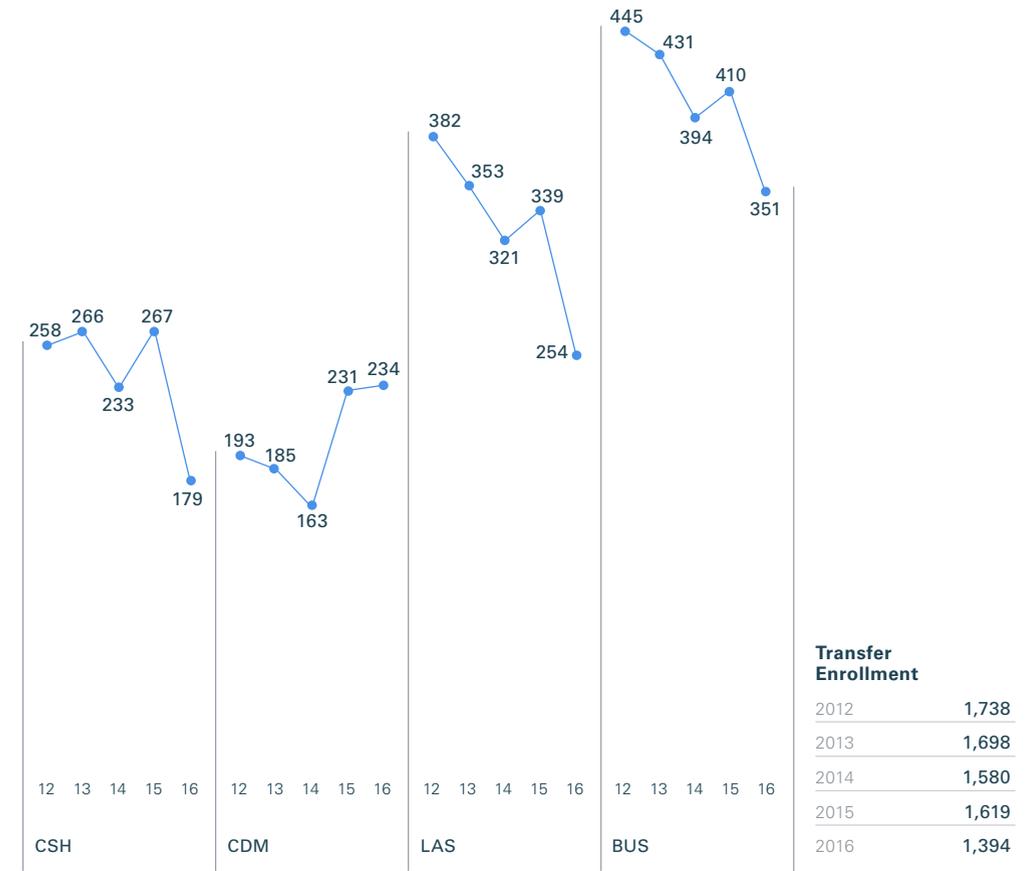
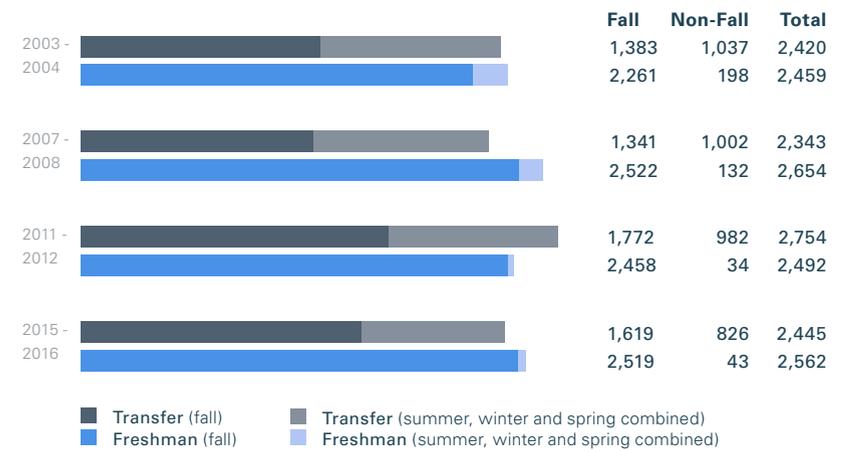
Feeder Schools	Students Enrolled
College of DuPage	141
Harper College	108
Harold Washington College	87
Oakton Community College	82
College of Lake County	63
Moraine Valley Community College	60
Triton College	44
Wilbur Wright College	36
Truman College	34
Elgin Community College	30
Total at Top 10 Feeder Schools	685

COLLEGE OF DUPAGE, HARPER, HAROLD WASHINGTON AND OAKTON TOGETHER ACCOUNT FOR ALMOST ONE-THIRD OF NEW TRANSFERS IN 2016.

Transfer Enrollment by College



Annual Transfer and Freshman Enrollment by Fiscal Year



FRESHMAN AND TRANSFER DEMOGRAPHICS

Freshmen

By Gender

- » Less than half of all new freshmen are male (42 percent) in 2016, compared with 44 percent in 2012.
- » Enrollment in CSH, LAS, CMN, Theatre and COE is more than 65 percent female.

By Geography

- » 44 percent come from suburban Chicago or elsewhere in Illinois, 40 percent from out of state or out of country, and 15 percent from the city of Chicago.
- » Michigan is the top state for freshmen (other than Illinois), sending 135 new freshmen this fall. Rounding out the top five are California, Ohio, Wisconsin and Minnesota.
- » The 982 out-of-state freshmen come from over 700 high schools throughout the nation.
- » The number of African-American freshmen from out of state has increased 52 percent since 2012.
- » Seventy-one percent of new freshmen live on campus.

First-Generation Freshmen

- » Enrolling this fall are 789 freshmen from families where neither parent has a bachelor's degree. First-generation students represent 32 percent of the freshman class.
- » Over a third of new freshmen in BUS, COE and CSH are first-generation.
- » A total of 47 percent of this year's first-generation students come from suburban Chicago.

Transfers

By Gender

- » Over half of all new transfers are male (55 percent) in 2016, compared with 52 percent in 2012.
- » Enrollment in COE, Theatre, CSH and CMN is more than 50 percent female.

By Geography

- » DePaul remains a top destination for transfer students in Illinois.
- » 60 percent of transfers are from Illinois community colleges.
- » 26 percent are from out-of-state institutions.
- » 6 percent are from Illinois private four-year institutions.
- » 6 percent are from Illinois public four-year universities.
- » 2 percent are from other types of institutions.

By Age

- » 69 percent of new transfers are under 24, 17 percent are 24-29 years of age, and 14 percent are 30 or older.
- » SNL enrolls 40 percent of all new transfer adults (24 and older) and 63 percent of those who are 30 years of age or older.
- » Of transfers under 24, the most popular majors are finance, psychology and marketing.

Race/Ethnicity of New Freshman and Transfer Students

	Freshmen	Transfers	Percentage of Freshmen	Percentage of Transfers
Race/Ethnicity				
Hispanic/Latino	445	293	18%	21%
African-American	180	139	7%	10%
Asian	186	131	8%	9%
Multiracial/Non-Hispanic	114	43	5%	3%
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	3	4	0%	0%
American Indian/Alaska Native	5	2	0%	0%
Caucasian	1,372	641	56%	46%
Other/Unreported Background*	80	68	3%	5%
Students of Color	933	612	38%	44%
International (Students on F1 and J1 Visas)	74	73	3%	5%

*Includes international students on visas other than F1 and J1, as well as those who did not report a race or ethnicity.

Demographics of New Freshman (FYR) and Transfer (TRN) Students by College

College	Women		Men		Students of Color		Out of State	
	FYR	TRN	FYR	TRN	FYR	TRN	FYR	TRN
BUS	289	152	341	199	256	133	198	24
CDM	171	48	336	186	182	97	179	28
CMN	187	80	52	57	66	53	121	22
COE	58	35	12	11	27	18	16	1
CSH	343	108	124	71	231	89	188	18
LAS	309	117	118	137	139	112	202	26
Music	16	2	29	4	11	1	20	3
SNL	0	81	0	91	0	105	0	18
Theatre	49	10	25	5	21	4	58	9
Total	1,422	633	1,037	761	933	612	982	149

29 PERCENT OF FRESHMEN ARE PELL-ELIGIBLE, COMPARED WITH 30 PERCENT IN 2015.

36 PERCENT OF FRESHMEN AND 43 PERCENT OF TRANSFERS WHO REPORTED A RELIGIOUS PREFERENCE ARE CATHOLIC.

FRESHMAN ADMISSION TRENDS

DePaul received 22,502 freshman applications for fall 2016, a 15 percent increase from 2015 and a university record. A total of 2,053 students applied through the test-optional program.

- » CSH received 27 percent of the applications at 6,172, the most of any college.
- » Applications to CDM increased by 22 percent, with the same or more applications in all other colleges except Theatre, compared with 2015. CDM accounted for 13 percent of applications in 2016, compared with 12 percent in 2015.
- » 43 percent of applications came from outside Illinois; 29 percent were from Chicago's suburbs; 25 percent were from Chicago.
- » California, Michigan and Ohio provided the most out-of-state applications.

Freshman Applications, Admission and Enrollment Yield



59 PERCENT OF FRESHMAN APPLICANTS COMPLETED THE FREE APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (FAFSA), COMPARED WITH 60 PERCENT IN 2012.

TRANSFER ADMISSION TRENDS

Transfer applications decreased this year to 4,993, down 4 percent from 5,182 in 2015. Applications increased in BUS and CMN, with decreases in the other colleges. Together, these two colleges accounted for over one-third of transfer applications.

100 NEW TRANSFER STUDENTS WERE ADMITTED THROUGH THE DEPAUL ADMISSION PARTNERSHIP PROGRAM (DAPP).

Transfer Applications, Admission and Enrollment Yield



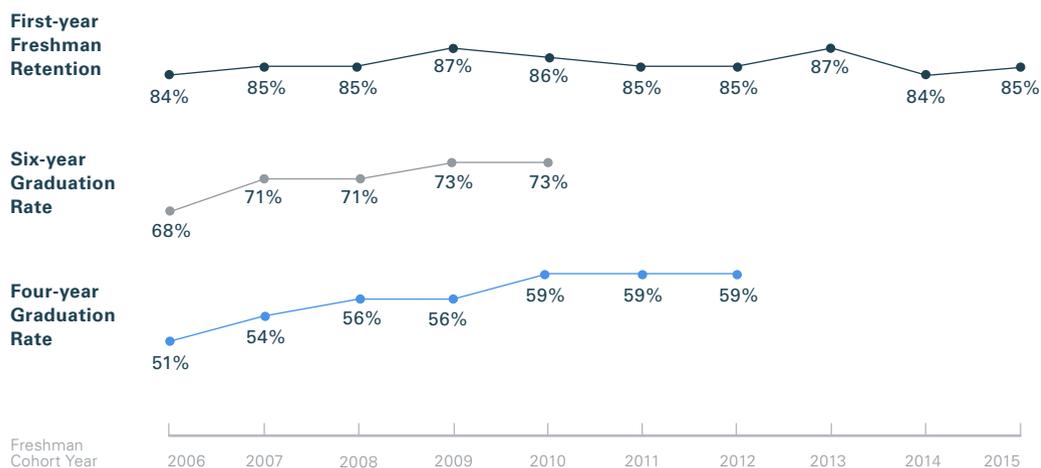
RETENTION AND GRADUATION RATES

Returning in fall 2016 for their sophomore year are 85 percent of the fall 2015 full-time freshmen, compared with 84 percent of the prior year's freshman class.

One of the most significant trends is the continued improvement in the four- and six-year graduation rates over the past eight years. This year, the four-year graduation rate for the 2012 freshman class was 59 percent. This rate has remained steady the past three years.

Of the fall 2010 full-time freshmen, 73 percent had graduated from DePaul six years later, a 5 percentage-point increase from the 2006 class.

Freshman Retention and Graduation Rates

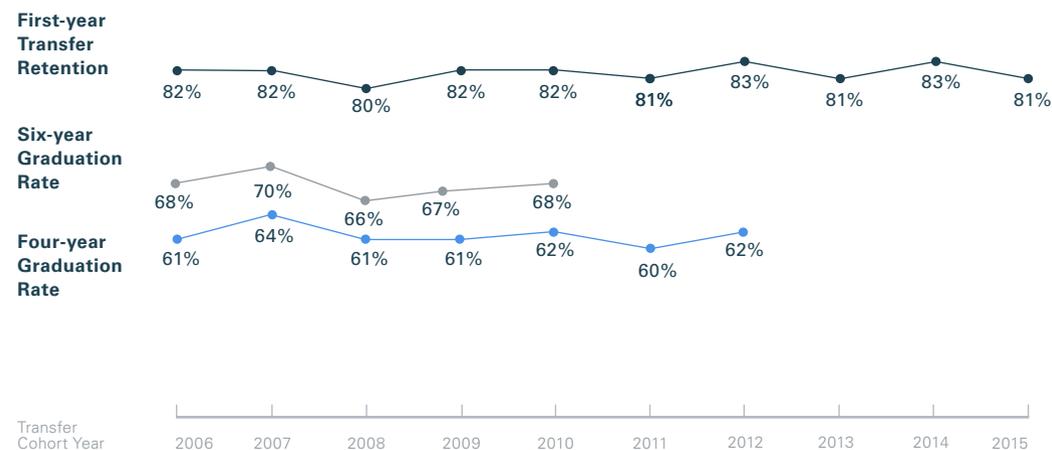


THE FOUR-YEAR GRADUATION RATE FOR FRESHMEN HAS INCREASED EIGHT PERCENTAGE POINTS IN THE LAST SIX YEARS.

The transfer one-year retention rate captures the percentage of new transfer students from all terms of the prior year* who return for the fall term. Because the methods for calculating freshman and transfer retention rates are different, the rates should not be directly compared.

The transfer retention and graduation rates have been relatively stable over recent years. This fall, the one-year retention rate is 81 percent. Sixty-two percent of students who transferred to DePaul during the 2012-13 academic year graduated within four years. The six-year graduation rate for students who transferred during the 2010-11 academic year is 68 percent.

Transfer Retention and Graduation Rates*



*SNL students are not included in the transfer retention or graduation rates.

Time to Degree

Average Time to Degree in Years

	FYR	TRN	SNL	Master's
2011-12	4.3	2.9	3.9	2.8
2012-13	4.3	2.9	4.3	2.8
2013-14	4.4	3.0	4.2	2.8
2014-15	4.3	3.0	4.5	2.8
2015-16	4.3	—*	—*	—*

*Data not available at time of publication.

GRADUATE AND LAW ENROLLMENT

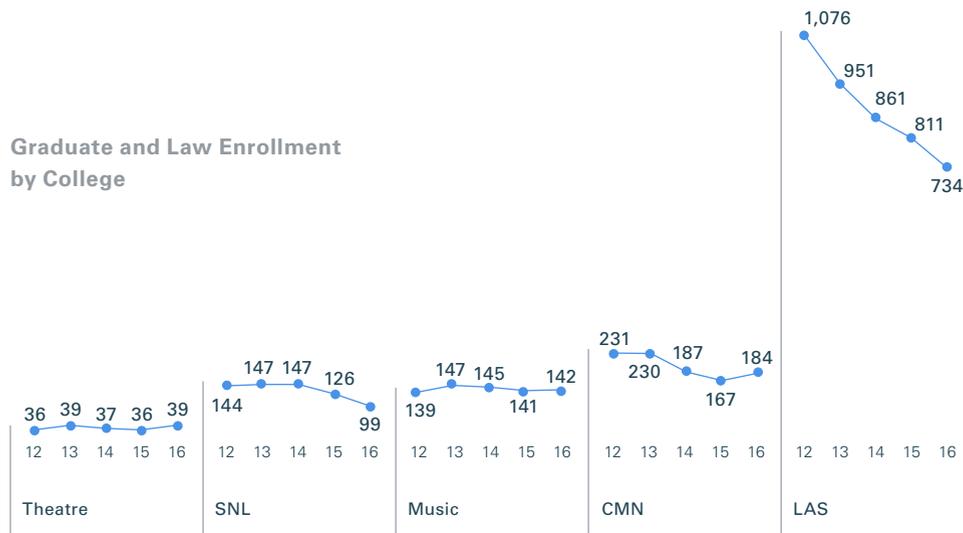
Graduate Enrollment

In fall 2016, a total of 6,897 graduate students enrolled (excluding Law), up 97 students from 6,800 students in 2015. Enrollment in CDM (the largest graduate college), KGSB, CSH, CMN, Music and Theatre increased in 2016. A total of 91 percent of all graduate students are master's degree students, 7 percent are doctoral students, and 2 percent are in certificate programs or non-degree seeking.

- » 65 percent are enrolled full time, taking eight or more credit hours per quarter, up from 60 percent in 2012. Full-time graduate enrollment varies by college. As in 2015, the colleges with primarily full-time graduate enrollment include Theatre (100 percent), CMN (80 percent), CSH (76 percent), COE (71 percent) and KGSB (67 percent). The largest proportion of part-time graduate enrollment is in SNL (81 percent).
- » 49 percent of all graduate students are 24 to 29 years old, comparable with 2012, and 72 percent of these graduate students are enrolled full time.
- » 30 percent are students of color (2,075 students), compared with 26 percent in 2012.
- » 52 percent are female, comparable with 2012.

1,147 GRADUATE STUDENTS, OR 17 PERCENT, ENROLLED THIS FALL RECEIVED THEIR BACHELOR'S DEGREES FROM DEPAUL, COMPARED WITH 15 PERCENT IN 2015.

Graduate and Law Enrollment by College



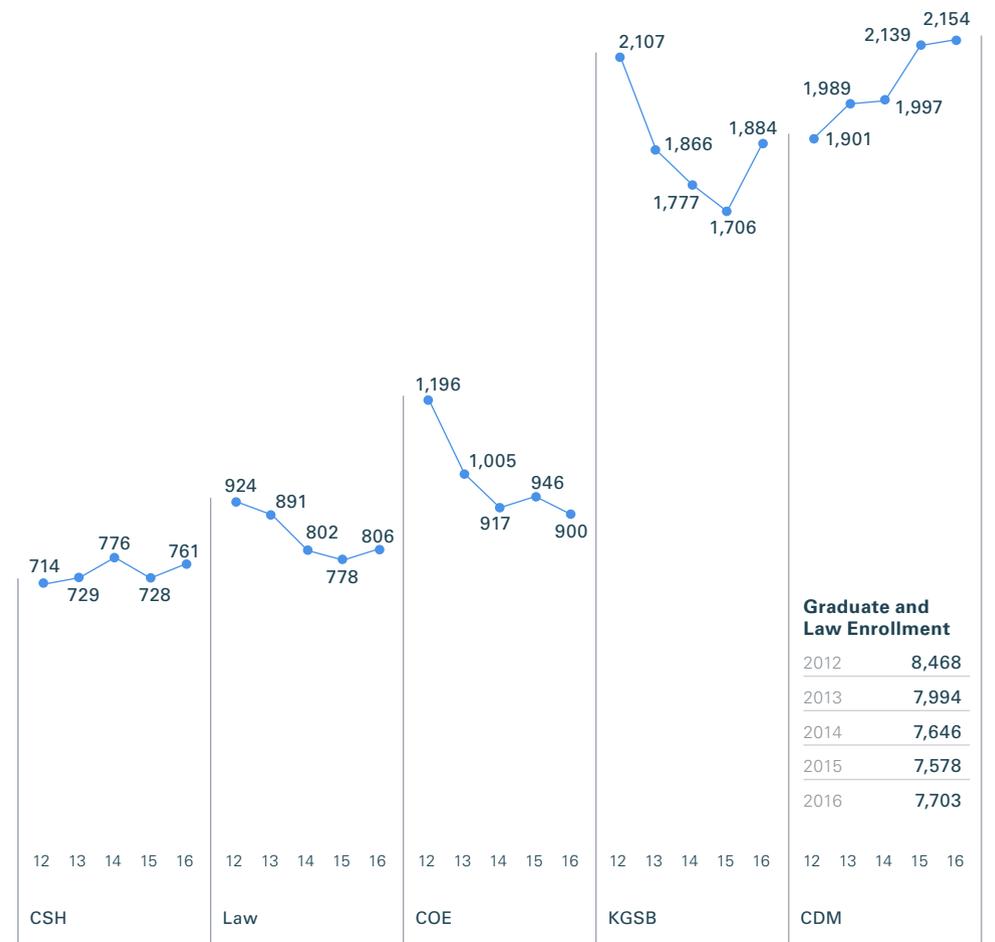
Law Enrollment

A total of 806 students enrolled in the College of Law this fall, a 4 percent increase from 2015. Most law students are enrolled in the JD day program—73 percent—with 25 percent in the evening program and 2 percent in the LLM program.

- » 39 percent are originally from out of state or international locations (47 percent in 2012). Michigan, Florida, Texas, California and Wisconsin are the largest feeder states for current law students.
- » 57 percent are female (51 percent in 2012).
- » 27 percent are students of color (22 percent in 2012).
- » 24 percent are under 24 years of age (29 percent in 2012).

Proportion of Graduate and Law Enrollment by College

College	2012	2016
CDM	22%	28%
KGSB	25%	24%
COE	14%	12%
Law	11%	10%
CSH	8%	10%
LAS	13%	10%
CMN	3%	2%
Music	2%	2%
SNL	2%	1%
Theatre	0%	1%



Graduate and Law Enrollment

Year	Enrollment
2012	8,468
2013	7,994
2014	7,646
2015	7,578
2016	7,703

NEW GRADUATE ENROLLMENT

New Master's Enrollment

A total of 1,607 new master's students enrolled in fall 2016, down 5 percent, or 81 students, from 2015.

- » 47 percent are between ages 24 and 29, compared with 45 percent in 2015; 28 percent are under 24, compared with 29 percent in 2015 and 35 percent in 2012.
- » 86 new master's students were enrolled in 20 combined degree programs that allow students to complete their bachelor's degree and master's degrees together in five years. Fifty-eight percent are female (54 percent in 2015).
- » 32 percent are students of color (29 percent in 2015).
- » 17 percent are international students on F1 and J1 visas (16 percent in 2015); 44 percent of international students enrolled in CDM and 42 percent in KGSB.

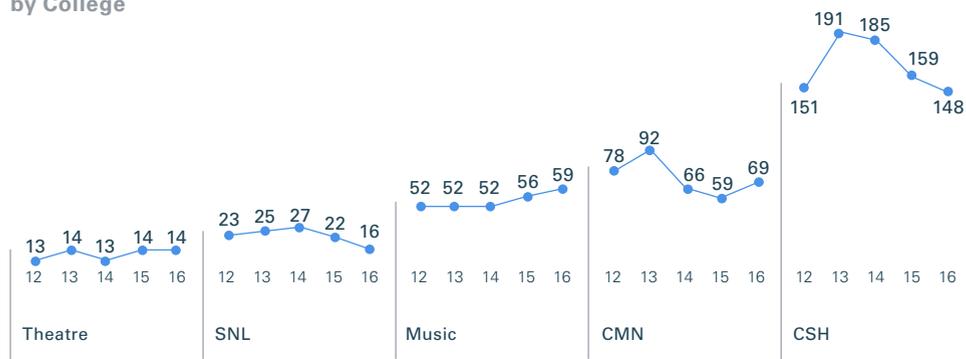
The new master's students come from a wide range of locations:

- » 41 percent are from suburban locations and elsewhere in Illinois (35 percent in 2015).
- » 35 percent are from the city of Chicago (41 percent in 2015).
- » 22 percent are from out of state (23 percent in 2015).
- » 2 percent are from international locations (1 percent in 2015).

Enrollment by New Master's, New Doctoral and New Law

	New Master's Enrollment	New Doctoral Enrollment	New Law Enrollment
2012	1,717	34	318
2013	1,596	63	312
2014	1,677	68	264
2015	1,688	78	278
2016	1,607	118	321

New Master's Enrollment by College

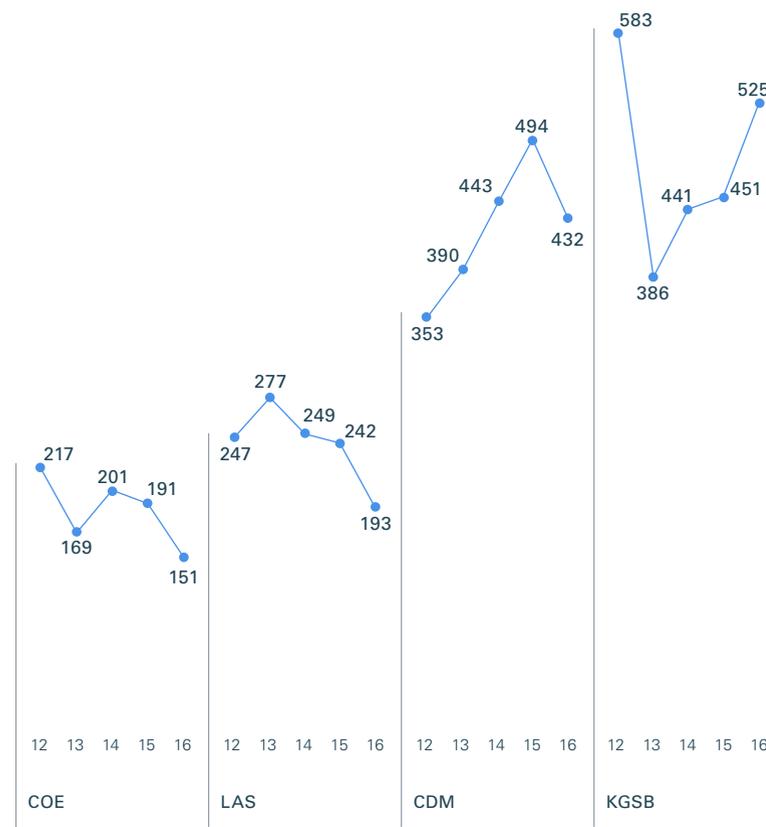


New Doctoral Enrollment

A record number of 118 new doctoral students enrolled this fall, an increase of 51 percent compared with 78 in 2015 and up from 34 doctoral students in 2012. Forty-seven percent of these students are in COE, 32 percent are in CSH (including 25 new students in the nursing doctoral program), and 12 percent are in KGSB (14 executive doctorate students). Four percent each are in CDM and LAS.

- » 61 percent are women (65 percent in 2015).
- » 40 percent come from the city of Chicago and 38 percent from suburban Chicago (51 and 22 percent, respectively, in 2015).
- » 36 percent are students of color (24 percent in 2015).

100 NEW GRADUATE STUDENTS ARE PART OF THE CORPORATE AND EMPLOYER OUTREACH (CEO) PROGRAM.



New Law Enrollment

The College of Law welcomed 321 new law students this fall, an increase of 15 percent compared with 2015. Of the new law students, 249 are enrolled in the JD program, 52 are enrolled in the Master of Jurisprudence (MJ) program, and nine are in LLM programs.

- » 40 percent are under 24 years of age (49 percent in 2015).
- » 51 percent are women (60 percent in 2015).
- » 41 percent are from out of state or international locations, 32 percent from suburban Chicago and other Illinois locations, and 27 percent from the city of Chicago (38 percent, 38 percent and 24 percent, respectively, in 2015).
- » 27 percent are students of color (23 percent in 2015).

Race/Ethnicity of New Master's, Doctoral and Law Students

Race/Ethnicity	New Master's	New Doctoral	New Law
African-American	190	24	33
Asian	116	6	23
Hispanic/Latino	156	11	28
Caucasian	725	47	158
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	2	0	0
American Indian/Alaska Native	1	0	1
Multiracial/Non-Hispanic	43	1	3
Other/Unreported Background*	106	19	54
International (Students on F1 and J1 Visas)	268	10	21

*Includes international students on visas other than F1 and J1, as well as those who did not report a race or ethnicity.

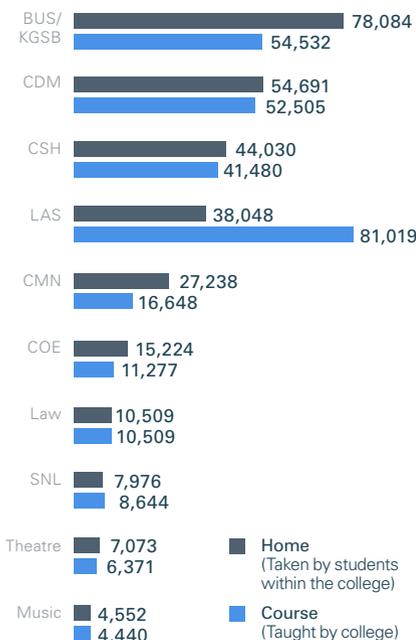
A RECORD 31 PERCENT OF NEW GRADUATE STUDENTS ARE STUDENTS OF COLOR, COMPARED WITH 25 PERCENT IN 2012.

CREDIT HOUR DISTRIBUTION

Credit hours generated at the Lincoln Park and Loop campuses were equivalent in 2016 (43 percent from each campus), compared with past years where Lincoln Park credit hours have been a larger share of the total credit hours. Online course credit hours increased 8 percent this fall to 30,946 and account for 11 percent of all fall credit hours, compared with 21,599 credit hours in 2012, an increase of 43 percent. Off-campus locations (overseas and study abroad locations, Cinespace and Rosalind Franklin University of Medicine and Science) generated 8,358 credit hours (9,235 in 2015).

The proportion of students taking some online courses has increased from 10 percent in 2012 to 18 percent in 2016 (2,618 and 4,211 students, respectively) while the proportion of students taking exclusively online courses has been relatively constant at about 8 percent (1,823 and 1,877 students, respectively). Of undergraduates, 22 percent took some online courses and 5 percent took exclusively online courses, in total accounting for 69 percent of all online enrollment. Of graduate students, 11 percent took some online courses and 17 percent took exclusively online courses, accounting for 31 percent of online enrollment. Of those enrolled exclusively online, 75 percent are enrolled part-time and 74 percent are from the Chicago metropolitan area.

Home and Course College by Credit Hours



Credit Hours	Undergraduate	Graduate	Law	Total
2012	235,716	53,596	12,394	301,705
2013	234,250	50,584	11,888	296,722
2014	234,963	49,445	10,591	294,999
2015	233,490	50,137	10,352	293,979
2016	225,930	50,985	10,509	287,424

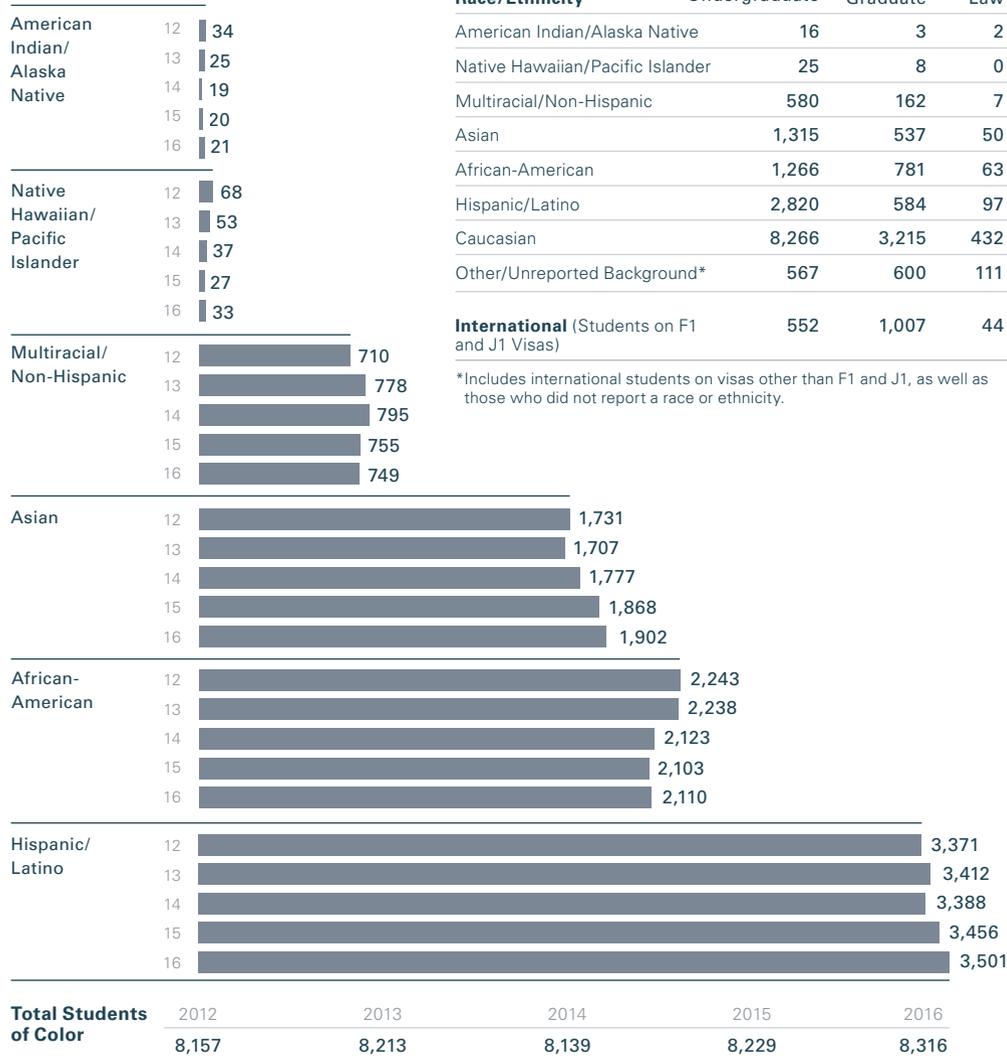
Credit Hours by Location

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Lincoln Park	142,250	137,218	134,391	130,229	123,535
Loop	128,787	126,496	123,447	124,436	123,412
Online	21,599	24,129	25,128	28,655	30,946
Off Campus	6,204	6,288	10,009	9,235	8,358
Suburban	2,866	2,592	2,026	1,426	1,174
Total	301,705	296,722	294,999	293,979	287,424

DIVERSITY

DePaul enrolled 8,316 students of color in 2016, compared with 8,229 in 2015. Students of color account for 36 percent of total enrollment, 39 percent of undergraduate enrollment, 30 percent of graduate enrollment and 27 percent of law enrollment.

University Enrollment by Race and Ethnicity



Race/Ethnicity of Undergraduate, Graduate and Law Students

Race/Ethnicity	Undergraduate	Graduate	Law
American Indian/Alaska Native	16	3	2
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	25	8	0
Multiracial/Non-Hispanic	580	162	7
Asian	1,315	537	50
African-American	1,266	781	63
Hispanic/Latino	2,820	584	97
Caucasian	8,266	3,215	432
Other/Unreported Background*	567	600	111
International (Students on F1 and J1 Visas)	552	1,007	44

*Includes international students on visas other than F1 and J1, as well as those who did not report a race or ethnicity.

26 - THE AVERAGE AGE FOR INTERNATIONAL GRADUATE STUDENTS
31 - THE AVERAGE AGE FOR DOMESTIC GRADUATE STUDENTS

International Students on F1 and J1 Visas

In total, 1,603 students have international student status (on F1 and J1 visas), an increase of 4 percent compared with 1,535 in 2015. This year, one-third of international students are undergraduates, and two-thirds are graduate and law students. International students represent 7 percent of total university enrollment.

International Undergraduate Enrollment Trends

- International undergraduate enrollment has been growing annually, from 350 in 2012 to 552 in 2016. Half of these international students enrolled in BUS (51 percent). International undergraduates are enrolled in all colleges.
- International undergraduates come from more than 75 countries. China is the largest source, accounting for almost one-third of international undergraduate students, followed by Nigeria, Saudi Arabia, Malaysia and South Korea.
- 59 percent are men.

International Graduate and Law Enrollment Trends

- A total of 1,051 international graduate and law students enrolled in 2016, an increase of 4 percent compared with 2015. The largest proportion of these students enrolled in CDM and KGSB (45 percent and 37 percent, respectively).
- Students come from about 70 countries, with one-third from China, followed by Saudi Arabia, India and Canada.
- 51 percent are women.

Top 10 Countries of Origin

Country	Students Enrolled
China	522
Saudi Arabia	117
India	50
Nigeria	50
Canada	37
South Korea	36
Malaysia	25
Taiwan	25
Vietnam	22
Brazil	20

International Students with F1/J1 Visas



NATIONAL COMPARISONS

DePaul is the largest private, not-for-profit university in the Midwest and the 14th-largest private institution nationally. DePaul has been the largest Catholic university in the nation for 19 consecutive years, having exceeded St. John's University in total enrollment in 1998. DePaul enrolled 11 percent of the enrollment at the 15 largest Catholic institutions in 2016.

Since 2007, enrollment at the largest Catholic institutions increased by 7 percent to 214,012 students, an increase of 13,845 students. From 2012 to 2016, enrollment at these institutions remained largely unchanged, decreasing by 1,691 students.

Nation's Largest Catholic Universities by Enrollment, Fall 2016

	UG	GRAD	Total
DePaul University	15,407	7,703	23,110
St. John's University ²	16,210	4,671	20,881
Georgetown University	7,453	11,072	18,525
Loyola University Chicago	11,129	5,293	16,422
Fordham University	9,258	6,324	15,582
Saint Leo University	11,003	3,652	14,665
Boston College	9,309	4,542	14,256
Saint Louis University	8,113	4,836	12,949
University of Notre Dame	8,530	3,863	12,393
Marquette University	8,238	3,056	11,294
University of San Francisco	6,745	4,273	11,018
Villanova University	6,967	3,875	10,842
University of Dayton	8,330	2,475	10,805
University of St. Thomas ²	6,240	4,005	10,245
Pontifical Catholic University of Puerto Rico	7,323	2,653	9,976

Nation's Largest Private Universities¹ by Enrollment, Fall 2016

New York University ²	50,027
University of Southern California	43,871
Brigham Young University	34,240
Boston University	32,983
Brigham Young University - Idaho	32,042
Columbia University	31,332
Northeastern University	30,529
Harvard University ³	28,809
George Washington University	27,159
University of Pennsylvania	24,960
Drexel University	24,232
Johns Hopkins University	23,992
Nova Southeastern University ²	23,236
DePaul University	23,110
Cornell University	22,319

¹ Excludes primarily online institutions.

² Enrollment is from 2015 as institution did not have 2016 enrollment figures available at the time of publication.

³ Enrollment is from 2014 as data for 2015 and 2016 were not supplied by the institution and were not available from public sources at the time of publication.

Sources:

Institutional Research & Market Analytics (IRMA): Including the Enrollment Update Report for Fall 2016, DePaul University Survey of Catholic Institutions 2016, DePaul University Survey of National Private Institutions 2016, Fact File, Fall 2016 Enrollment File, IRMA Retention Database and 2016 Admission files.



DEPAUL UNIVERSITY

Enrollment Management and Marketing

1 East Jackson Boulevard

Chicago, Illinois 60604-2287

depaul.edu